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**Institut NeuroMyoGène CNRS UMR 5310 / INSERM U1217**

Domaine Scientifique de la Doua - 16 rue Dubois, Bâtiment G. Mendel - 69622 Villeurbanne Cedex  
Tel : (33) 0472431325 - Fax : (33) 0472432685 - [www.inmg.fr](http://www.inmg.fr)

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## **LES SÉMINAIRES DE L'INMG**

# *Control of muscle stem cell fate by Wnt signaling pathway(s)*

Par

## **Fabien Le Grand**

*(Invité par Bénédicte CHAZAUD)*

**Center of Research in Myology  
Université Pierre et Marie Curie  
Paris - FRANCE**

<http://www.institut-myologie.org/2016/05/26/fle-grand-voie-wntbeta-catenine-et-regeneration-du-muscle>

# **Vendredi 21 octobre 2016**

## **11 heures**

**Amphithéâtre  
CNRS Rhône Auvergne  
2, Av. Albert Einstein  
69100 Villeurbanne  
Domaine Universitaire de La Doua**

[HTTP://OSCAR.UNIV~LYON1.FR/APPLI~EXTERNE/PLAN/PLANS/PLAN\\_CAMPUS\\_OUEST.HTML](http://oscar.univ-lyon1.fr/appli~externe/plan/plans/plan_campus_ouest.html)

Regeneration of the adult skeletal muscle tissue relies on a pool of quiescent muscle stem cells located in a niche around the myofibers: the satellite cells (MuSCs). Upon activation following injury or repeated exercise, MuSCs leave quiescence to proliferate and then differentiate to form new muscle fibers while a sub-population exit the cell cycle to self-renew and replenish the stem cell niche. In the course of this process, signals from the microenvironment instruct cycling MuSCs and control myogenesis. We previously demonstrated that numerous Wnt molecules are secreted in the local milieu during regeneration and showed that MuSC self-renewal is in part controlled by non-canonical Wnt7a/PCP signals sent by the regenerating myofibers. To elucidate the roles of the canonical Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin pathway in MuSCs, we generated mice with inducible MuSC-specific  $\beta$ -catenin Loss-Of-Function or Gain-Of-Function. Strikingly, we observed that induction of either  $\beta$ -catenin LOF or GOF mutations in MuSCs leads to the impairment of skeletal muscle regeneration following injury. By using a mouse model of conditional APC gene deletion in MuSCs we further demonstrated that the massive activation of canonical Wnt signaling in MuSC following APC loss results in defective cell cycle progression and apoptosis. Mechanistically, we observed that Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin signaling orchestrates the cytoplasmic relocation of the histone 3 lysine 9 methyltransferase Setdb1 during differentiation. We further showed that Setdb1 is required for MuSCs amplification and suppresses myoblast terminal differentiation. Genome-wide analyses showed a Wnt3a-dependant release of Setdb1 from the promoter of selected target genes upon myoblast terminal differentiation. Taken together, our results demonstrate that both canonical and non-canonical Wnt pathways are necessary for MuSC function. Lastly, I will discuss the potential cross-talks between these two faces of an important signaling.

If you wish to meet Fabien Le Grand, please contact Bénédicte Chazaud (benedicte.chazaud@inserm.fr).

### **Selected publications:**

- Rudolf A, Schirwis E, Giordani L, Parisi A, Lepper C, Taketo MM, Le Grand F.  $\beta$ -Catenin Activation in Muscle Progenitor Cells Regulates Tissue Repair. **Cell Rep.** **2016** 15:1277-90. PMID: 27134174.
- Parisi A, Lacour F, Giordani L, Colnot S, Maire P, Le Grand F. APC is required for muscle stem cell proliferation and skeletal muscle tissue repair. **J Cell Biol.** **2015** 210:717-26. PMID: 26304725.
- Esteves de Lima J, Bonnin MA, Bourgeois A, Parisi A, Le Grand F, Duprez D. Specific pattern of cell cycle during limb fetal myogenesis. **Dev Biol.** **2014** 392:308-23. PMID: 24882711.
- Le Grand F, Grifone R, Mourikis P, Houbron C, Gigaud C, Pujol J, Maillet M, Pagès G, Rudnicki M, Tajbakhsh S, Maire P. Six1 regulates stem cell repair potential and self-renewal during skeletal muscle regeneration. **J Cell Biol.** **2012** 198:815-32. PMID: 22945933.
- Wang H, Noulet F, Edom-Vovard F, Tozer S, Le Grand F, Duprez D. Bmp signaling at the tips of skeletal muscles regulates the number of fetal muscle progenitors and satellite cells during development. **Dev Cell.** **2010** 18:643-54. PMID: 20412778.
- Le Grand F, Jones AE, Seale V, Scimè A, Rudnicki MA. Wnt7a activates the planar cell polarity pathway to drive the symmetric expansion of satellite stem cells. **Cell Stem Cell.** **2009** 4:535-47. PMID: 19497282.